

		SEMESTER V				
		Theory				
Course	UNIT	TOPICS	Cred	lits	Lec per Wee	tures ek
USPH501	Ι	Mathematical Methods in Physics	0	Л		1
	II	Mathematical Methods in Physics	2.3	5		4
	III	Thermal and Statistical Physics				
	IV	Thermal and Statistical Physics				
USPH502	Ι	Solid State Physics		_		
	II	Solid State Physics	2.	5		4
	III	Solid State Physics				
	IV	Solid State Physics				
USPH503	Ι	Atomic Physics		_		
	II	Atomic Physics	2.	5		4
	III	Molecular Physics				
	IV	Molecular Physics				
USPH504	Ι	Electrodynamics		_		_
	II	Electrodynamics	2.	5		4
	III	Electrodynamics				
	IV	Electrodynamics				
		Practicals				
USPHP05	Practi	cals of Course USPH501 + Course USPH5	502	2.	5	6
USPHP06	Practi	cals of Course USPH503 + Course USPH5	504	2.	5	6
		Project	1			
USPHPR1	USF	PH501 + USPH502 + USPH503 + USPH50	)4	1	L	4

**T.Y.B.Sc. Physics Syllabus:** Credit Based Semester and Grading System to be implemented from the Academic year 2018-2019.

		SEMESTER VI				
		Theory				
Course	UNIT	TOPICS	Cree	lits	Lec per Wee	tures ek
USPH601	Ι	Classical Mechanics	n	E		4
	II	Classical Mechanics	۷.	5		4
	III	Classical Mechanics				
	IV	Classical Mechanics				
USPH602	Ι	Electronics	•	-		4
	II	Electronics	2.	5		4
	III	Electronics				
	IV	Electronics				
USPH603	Ι	Nuclear Physics	•	F		4
	II	Nuclear Physics	۷.	ວ		4
	III	Nuclear Physics				
	IV	Nuclear Physics				
USPH604	Ι	Special Theory of Relativity	•	L		4
	II	Special Theory of Relativity	2.	5		4
	III	Special Theory of Relativity				
	IV	Special Theory of Relativity				
	1	Practicals				
USPH605	Practi	cals of Course USPH601 + Course USPH6	02	2.	.5	6
USPH606	Practi	cals of Course USPH603 + Course USPH6	04	2.	5	6
	1	Project				·
USPHPR2	USF	PH601 + USPH602 + USPH603 + USPH60	4	1	L	4

### SCHEME OF THEORY, PRACTICALS AND PROJECT EXAMINATION (SEM- V & VI)

I.	Theory: External Examination: 100 marks					
	Each theory paper shall be of <b>THREE</b> hours duration.					
	Each paper shall consist of FIVE questions. All questions are compulsory and will have internal options. Choice in papers has to be 1.5 times.					
	Q – I :	From U	nit – I			
	Q – II :	From U	nit – II			
	Q – III :	From U	nit - III			
	Q – IV :	From U	nit - IV			
	Q – V :	Will con weightag	sist of questions from a ge of marks allotted to e	ll the FOUR Units with each Unit.	equal	
II.	Practica conducte	<b>Practicals and Project:</b> The External Practical Examination will be conducted as per the following scheme.				
Sr. No.	Particula	ars of Ext	ternal Practical and P	roject Examination	Total Marks	
1	Laborato	ry Work	Experiment-1= 60 M	Experiment-2 = 60 M	120	
2	Journal		10	10	20	
3	Viva		10	10	20	
				Sub Total =	160	
III.	Project		Internal Examiner (20 M)	External Examiner (20 M)	40	
	1		1	Grand Total	200	

## Passing Criteria:

- 1. A student should be considered as passed in the practical examination provided he/she fulfills the following passing criteria
  - a. Minimum of 20 marks in each practical component i.e. **USPHP07** and **USPHP08**.
  - b. Minimum of 10 marks in Project Component
  - c. And cumulatively scoring 80 marks (i.e. 40 % of 200 marks)

Component	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks
USPHP07	80	20
USPHP08	80	20
Project 2	40	10
Total	200	80

### Scheme of Examination:

- 1. The University (external) examination for Theory and Practical shall be conducted at the end of each Semester and the evaluation of Project work at the end of the each Semester.
- 2. The candidate should appear for **THREE** Practical sessions of **three hours each** as part of his/her Practical course examination.
- 3. The candidates shall appear for external examination of 2 practical courses each carrying 80 marks and presentation of project work carrying 20 marks at the end of each semester.
- 4. The candidates shall also appear for internal presentation of project work carrying 20 marks at the end of each semester.
- 5. The candidate shall prepare and submit for practical examination a certified Journal based on the practical course with **6** experiments from each group.
- The certified journal must contain a minimum of 12 regular experiments (6 from each group), with minimum 5 demonstration experiments in semester VI. A separate index and certificate in journal is must for each semester course.
- 7. At the time of practical examination, the candidate must also submit the certified Project Report prepared as per the guidelines given in the Syllabus.

A candidate will be allowed to appear for the practical examination only if the candidate submits a certified journal of TYBSc Physics or a certificate from the Head of the Department to the effect that the candidate has completed the practical course of TYBSc Physics as per the minimum requirements and a project completion report duly certified by the project in-charge and Head of the Department.

**III. Visits: Visits** to industry, national research laboratories, and scientific exhibitions should be encouraged.

## SEMESTER V

# Theory Course - USPH501: Mathematical, Thermal and Statistical Physics

**Learning outcomes:** From this course, the students are expected to learn some mathematical techniques required to understand the physical phenomena at the undergraduate level and get exposure to important ideas of statistical mechanics.

The students are expected to be able to solve simple problems in probability, understand the concept of independent events and work with standard continuous distributions. The students will have idea of the functions of complex variables; solve nonhomogeneous differential equations and partial differential equations using simple methods. The units on statistical mechanics would introduce the students to the concept of microstates, Boltzmann distribution and statistical origins of entropy. It is also expected that the student will understand the difference between different statistics, classical as well as quantum.

Unit - I	Probability	(15 lect.)
Review of	basic concepts, introduction, sample space, events, i	ndependent
events, co	onditional probability, probability theorems, methods	of counting
(derivatior	n of formulae not expected), random variables,	continuous
distributio	ons (omit joint distributions), binomial distribution,	the normal
distributio	on, the Poisson distribution.	
Ref: MB –	15.1-15.9	

Expected to cover solved problems from each section and solve at least the following problems:

**section 2:** 1-5, 11-15, **section 3:** 1, 3, 4, 5, **section 4:** 1, 3, 5,13, 21, **section 5:** 1, 10, 13, **section 6:** 1 to 9, **section 8:** 1 and 3, **section 9:** 2, 3, 4, 9.

Unit -II	Complex functions and differential equations	(15 lect.)

1. Functions of complex variables: The exponential and trigonometric functions, hyperbolic functions, logarithms, complex roots and powers, inverse trigonometric and hyperbolic functions, some applications.

Ref.: MB: 2.11 to 2.16

Expected to cover all solved problems. In addition, solve the following problems:

**section 2:** 16 – 2, 3, 8, 9, 10.

2. Second-order nonhomogeneous equations with constant coefficients, partial differential equations, some important partial differential equations in physics, method of separation of variables.

Ref : CH :5.2.4, 5.3.1 to 5.3.4

Expected to cover all solved problems. In addition, solve the following problems:

5.17 a to e, 5.23, 5.26, 5.29 to 5.35.

Unit -III Statistical Thermodynamics (15	lect.)
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Microstates and configurations, derivation of Boltzmann distribution, dominance of Boltzmann distribution, physical meaning of the Boltzmann distribution law, definition of , the canonical ensemble, relating Q to q for an ideal gas, translational partition function, equipartition theorem, energy, entropy

ER: 13.1 to 13.5, 14.1, 14.2, 14.4, 14.8, 15.1, 15.4

Unit -IV	Classical and Quantum Statistics	(15 lect.)
The proba	ability of a distribution, The most probable distribution	, Maxwell-
Boltzmann statistics, Molecular speeds.		

Bose-Einstein statistics, Black-body radiation, The Rayleigh-Jeans formula,

The

Planck radiation formula, Fermi-Dirac statistics, Comparison of results.

AB: 15.2 to 15.5, 16.1 to 16.6

References:

1.	MB: Mathematical Methods in the Physical sciences: Mary L. Boas Wiley
	India, 3rd ed.
0	ED. Thermodynamics Statistical Thermodynamics and Vinctica, T. Engel
2.	ER. Thermodynamics, Statistical Thermodynamics and Kinetics: 1. Engel
	and P. Reid (Pearson).
3.	AB: Perspectives of Modern Physics: Arthur Beiser, (Mc Graw Hill
	International).
4.	CH: Introduction to Mathematical Methods: Charlie Harper (PHI
	Learning).
Add	litional References:
1.	Mathematical Physics: A K Ghatak, Chua – 1995 Macmillian India Ltd.
2.	Mathematical Method of Physics: Riley, Hobson and Bence, Cambridge
	(Indian edition).
3.	Mathematical Physics: H. K. Das, S. Chand & Co.
4.	Mathematical Methods of Physics: Jon Mathews & R. L. Walker, W A
	Benjamin inc.
_	
5.	A Treatise on heat: Sana and Srivastava (Indian press, Allahabad)
6.	Statistical Physics: F. Reif (Berkeley Physics Course, McGraw Hill)
7.	Introductory Statistical Mechanics: R. Bowley and M. Sanchez (Oxford
	Science Publications).
8.	An Introduction to Thermal Physics: D. V. Schroeder (Pearson).
9	PROBABILITY: Schaum's Outlines Series by S. Linschutz and M. I
.ر	Lipson (Mc Graw Hill International)

## SEMESTER VI

# **Theory Course – USPH601: Classical Mechanics**

#### Learning outcomes:

This course will introduce the students to different aspects of classical mechanics. They would understand the kinds of motions that can occur under a central potential and their applications to planetary orbits. The students should also appreciate the effect of moving coordinate system, rectilinear as well as rotating. The students are expected to learn the concepts needed for the important formalism of Lagrange's equations and derive the equations using D'Alembert's principle. They should also be able to solve simple examples using this formalism. The introduction to simple concepts from fluid mechanics and understanding of the dynamics of rigid bodies is also expected. Finally, they should appreciate the drastic effect of adding nonlinear corrections to usual problems of mechanics and nonlinear mechanics can help understand the irregularity we observe around us in nature.

Unit - I	Central Force	(15 lect.)			
1. Motion square of	1. Motion under a central force, the central force inversely proportional to the square of the distance, Elliptic orbits, The Kepler problem.				
2. Moving on the rot	origin of coordinates, Rotating coordinate systems, Laws ating earth, The Foucault pendulum, Larmor's theorem.	of motion			
KRS: 3.13	- 3.15, 7.1 - 7.5.				
Unit -II	Lagrange's equations	(15 lect.)			
1. D'Alem	bert's principle, Constraints, Examples of holonomic c	onstraints,			
examples	of nonholonomic constraints, degrees of freedom and g	generalized			
coordinate	es, virtual displacement, virtual work, D'Alembert's	principle,			
illustrative problems.					
2. Lagrange's equations (using D'Alembert's principle), properties of Lagrange's					
equations	, illustrative problems, canonical momentum, cyclic or	ignorable			

PVP: 4.2 to 4.9, 5.2 to 5.4, 7.2, 7.3.

coordinates.

Unit -III	Fluid Motion and Rigid body rotation	(15 lect.)
1. Kinema Conservati 2. Rigid di orthogonal momentum of rigid boo KRS : 8.6 t	atics of moving fluids, Equation of motion for an i ion laws for fluid motion, Steady flow. ynamics: introduction, degrees of freedom, rotation about matrix, Euler's theorem, Eulerian angles, inertia tenso n of rigid body, Euler's equation of motion of rigid body, f dy, motion of symmetric top (without notation). to 8.9	deal fluid, ut an axis: or, angular free motion
PVP: 10.1	to 16.10	
Unit -IV	Non Linear Mechanics	(15 lect.)
<ol> <li>Nonline oscillator,</li> <li>Transiti behavior (I BO: 11.1,</li> </ol>	ear mechanics: Qualitative approach to chaos, The a Numerical solution of Duffing's equation. on to chaos: Bifurcations and strange attractors, Aspects Logistic map). 11.3 to 11.5	nharmonic of chaotic

Refe	rences
1.	PVP: Classical Mechanics, P. V. Panat (Narosa).
2.	KRS: Mechanics : Keith R. Symon, (Addision Wesely) 3rd Ed.
3.	BO: Classical Mechanics- a Modern Perspective: V. D. Barger and M. G.
	Olsson. (Mc Graw Hill International 1995 Ed.)
Addi	tional References
1.	Classical Mechanics: Herbert Goldstein (Narosa 2nd Ed.).
2.	An Introduction to Mechanics: Daniel Kleppner & Robert Kolenkow
	Tata Mc Graw Hill (Indian Ed. 2007).
3.	Chaotic Dynamics- an introduction: Baker and Gollub
	(Cambridge Univ. Press).
4.	Classical Mechanics: J. C. Upadhyaya (Himalaya Publishing House).